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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/700,371	11/04/2003	Atsuhiro Sumiya	461-152	5966	
23117 73	590 09/05/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
NIXON & VANDERHYE, PC			TRINH, MINH N		
901 NORTH G ARLINGTON,	LEBE ROAD, 11TH F VA 22203	LOOR	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ŕ			3729		

DATE MAILED: 09/05/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/700,371	SUMIYA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Minh Trinh	3729				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 Ju	ulv 2006.					
	s action is non-final.					
.—	, <del>-</del>					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-42</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>12-42</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3 and 8-11</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>4-7</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)	_					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal F					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🔲 Other:					

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election of species 1A (claims 1-11) filed on 7/10/06 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)). Further, it is noted that the correct power of attorney for this case should be Larry Nixon rather than Micheal Noe Jr. as mistaken or wrongly indicated in paragraph 3 of the prior Action. Thus, claims 12-42 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected inventions, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made without traverse in the reply filed on 7/10/06. These claims are suggested to be cancelled.

## Specification

- 2. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed. The following title is suggested: "Method for fabricating laminate type dielectric element" or the like.
- 3. The abstract should be revised to reflect the elected method invention.
- 4. The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is

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requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

# Claim Objections

5. "A method" (claims 2-11) should be replaced with :--The method--, to reflect the dependent claim formats.

What is being referring as "a ceramic material of a metal oxide containing a lead oxide" (claim 1, lines 11-12).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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7. Claims 1-3 and 8-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yokotani et al (4,586,972) in view of Applicant admitted Prior Art (APA, discussed at pages 2-5).

Yokotani et al disclose the method of producing a laminated dielectric element comprising: printing electrodes by applying a paste material for the base metal electrodes containing an oxide of a base metal onto the surfaces of at least one side of the ceramic green sheets obtained by molding, into the form of a sheet of a ceramic material of a metal oxide (see Figs. 1-2 a-e, col. 1-2, 6, etc.); laminating and adhering the ceramic green sheets onto which the paste material for the base metal electrodes is applied to fabricate a laminate thereof (see Fig. 1(d), and the discussed at bottom col. 1). Yokotani et al reference does not include, the steps of: reducing the electrodes to form base metal electrode layers by heating the laminate in a heating furnace while flowing an atmospheric gas and by reducing the paste material for the base metal electrodes and sintering the laminate. The APA, (i.e., page 1, lines 20-37 and the bottom of page 4 to page 5) discloses the above method steps includes the reducing the electrodes to form base metal electrode layers by heating the laminate in a heating furnace, and the use of lead (Pb) as metal oxide. Further, regarding the reducing the electrodes, the paste material for the base metal electrodes is reduced that the amount of the base metal oxide remaining in the base metal electrode layers is not larger than 20% by weight and that the amount of lead liberated from the ceramic material is not larger than 30 atomic % within 5000 A° from the surfaces of the base metal electrode layers, such configurations would be obvious as matter of design choice because the

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change in size and/or shape is depending on the intended use or as well as manufacturing requirements, etc. Therefore, I would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to employ the APA's teachings and the design choice for the size and shape as described in great details above onto the invention Yokotani et al in order to form a desired structure which meet manufacturing requirements, etc.

Furthermore, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to choose any desired electrodes reducing factor, include the above where the reduced amount of the base metal oxide remaining in the base metal electrode layers is not larger than 20% by weight and that the amount of lead liberated from the ceramic material is not larger than 30 atomic % within 5000 A° from the surfaces of the base metal electrode layers, etc., since applicant has not disclosed that the above claimed reduced in size would solve any stated problem or is for any particular purpose and it appears that the invention would perform equally well by utilizing the method of reducing the electrodes size to certain size or thickness as taught Yokotani et al. and/or APA.

As applied to claims 1-3, noting APA discloses the limitations recited in these claims (see pages 1-2).

As applied to claims 8-9, the Yokotani et al disclose the electrode with in range of 2-14 (see col. 4, lines 41-45), and the limitation of claim 9 (see col. 2, lines 4-10, 49-55).

As applied to claims 10-11, noting APA discloses the limitations recited in these claims (see page 1, lines 15-17, and the dewaxed at page 1, lines 25-26, etc.).

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## Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The Prior art cited for their teachings of method for making laminate dielectric or the like, etc.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Minh Trinh whose telephone number is (571) 272-4569. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday -Thursday 8:00 am to 4:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter Vo can be reached on (571) 272-4690. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

mt 8/31/06

PRIMARY EXAMINER

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